HACKNEY PEOPLE'S PRESS

Legal hopes of moving Nazi HQ fade

WEBSTER WOOS OUNC

The twenty thousand people who signed the petition to Hackney Council that should have been presented at the end of January did not know that Martin Webster and other National Front leaders have already approached the Council about getting permission to stay in their Shoreditch headquarters. And it seems, legally, that there is no way that the Council can evict from their premises under the present law. The Front say that they are only using the warehouse in Great Eastern Street for storage purposes and that it is not their main offices. But they want to turn the warehouse into a printing works - doing general commercial work as well as their own fascist propaganda and since the whole area is zoned for industrial improvement, it would be very difficult for the Council's planning department to turn them down. As yet, however, the Front have made no formal application.

About 250 Anti-Nazi League supporters demonstrated their opposition to the National Front headquarters outside the Council meeting on Wednesday 24 January. A deputation was due to present a petition of twenty thousand signatures to the Council in support of the ANL demand to get rid of the nazi headquarters. But in fact the petition was not presented.

Representatives of the public employees' union, NUPE, were picketing the Council meeting that night, as part of their campaign against low pay, and the ANL delegation decided not to cross the picket line. The petition is now expected to be presented at the February Council meeting.

WIPE THEM OUT

A number of speeches were made on the Town Hall steps and all the speakers stressed that the ANL didn't want the NF HQ just moved away from Hackney. The same situation would occur wherever they were allowed to set themselves up. The only

solution was to "wipe them from the face of the earth."

News that acting Council leader John Kotz was to move a resolution calling for the NF to be investigated under the toothless Race Relations Act was greeted with derisive jeers. The call was repeated for action, not words.

Officials from the Council's planning department in . Shoreditch went to meet Martin Webster at the Great Eastern Street warehouse just before Christmas. He told them that the building which they call "Excalibur House" - was being used for storage purposes only.

We understand that then he indicated that they would be applying for permission to turn it into a printshop. His denial that the building is the official Front headquarters unwelcome fascists. contrasts oddly with NF Chairman John Tyndall's reported statement to their secret AGM held in mid-January that this is what the building is. There have also been similar statements

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A view inside "Excalibur House" as depicted in Searchlight.

printed in their own papers indicating this.

Now, it seems the NF are sensing victory. Their lawyers have advised them that it would be difficult to evict them if they are using the building as a warehouse, or eventually as a printshop. So they now deny that this Excalibur House is used for offices at all. They say that all their membership records are held at private addresses and that meetings are only held in hotels. They have stopped using the address on literature and correspondence by taking a Post Box number. And they are waiting for Hackney Council to make a move.

PLAY IT COOL

And is this likely? It would seem that the answer must be no. The Council has apparently instructed that the whole issue should be played as coolly as possible. It is a tremendous embarrassment to the leadership, obviously, and they would dearly like to get rid of the highly

But unless they can find a good legal way, they are unlikely to do anything more positive than examine closely any planning application made.

This is why they are hoping for support from ex-Tory MP

David Lane and his cronies at the weak-kneed Commission For Racial Equality. This is the same Commission that embarrassed the Council itself last summer when it announced that it was going to examine Hackney's housing policy for racialist overtones. And yet the Council now regards it - and the ineffectual Home Secretary Merlyn Rees as the people who will announce that the Front is breaking the Race Relations Act. This will come as no surprise to the NF itself, which has always said that it is a racialist organisation.

The only way that the Front will be moved from Shoreditch will be from direct pressure. There are many ways in which this can be applied. For instance, they depend on public employees to connect its telephone, collect its rubbish, deliver its mail. It would be very easy for trade union and labour movement support to be rallied behind any group of workers who refused to do any of these things. The local Labour parties and the Council could encourage them to do this. Twenty thousand people in and around Hackney have demanded that they do something, and something should be seen to be

OURNING FOR MIC



Hundreds strong, buchael Ferreira's mourners march past Ridley Road market.

gathered in Clapton to join the funeral cortege of nineteenyear-old Michael Ferreira, murdered just before Christmas in east London's fourth racist murder in eight months.

No banners or placards were carried, no chants were raised, no papers were sold. There was just a solemn procession, about equal numbers of black people and white people following a flower-lined hearse, with an enormous wreath reading and two black limousines carrying Michael's family.

As the march moved slowly up Kingsland High Street, crowds of black people gathered at the end of Ridley Road market to pay their respects. Raised fist salutes were given as "We shall overcome" was sung again and again. And a man standing by the side of the road asked: "Who was he? Was it anyone important?"

Of course Michael Ferreira was important. He had a family, he had friends and they have lost a nineteen-year-old son or brother, cut down in a cowardly attack. But there is more to hi name now. By his death he has become a symbol of all that is wrong with our racialist society.

This is why the black people on the procession were angry, and why many demanded that they should protest outside Stoke Newington police station, instead of tamely dispersing when the cortege moved off to the crematorium.

This is why the Hackney Black People's defence organisation has been formed, to demand justice for the death of Michael Ferreira, and justice for the racialist oppression of black people everywhere. Continued on p.8.

HPP takes a look at the current scene and asks ...

CRISIS! WHOSE CRISIS?

Fight against low pay is stepped up

Hackney's dustmen came out on indefinite strike in the last week of January in support of the National Union of Public Employees claim for a basic wage of £60 for a 40 hour week. This action has stepped up the fight against low pay and furthered the campaign initiated by the one day strike of all NUPE members on January 22nd across the country.

MASS ACTION

This day of mass action culminated in a demonstration of between 45,000 and 80,000 members in London that afternoon.

Health Service and other public services on which their jobs depend.

EFFICENT SERVICE

In turn the future of these services depends upon staff who are able to work in the knowledge that they have the backing of local and central government, intent upon providing an adequate and efficent service to the public. While the Public sector remains low paid, the morale of NHS workers is low and the quality of the service is reduced. The further repression of wages in the public services is a



TRADE UNION RIGHTS ATTACKED



This enormous opposition to the "Labour" governcontinued sion of wages was largely forgotten by the Tory, Union-bashing media. While strikers were being almost continuously knocked by the establishment, the facts of the previous years were conveniently forgotten. NUPE ambulancemen and hospital workers were being condemned as irresponsible people threatening lives because of a one day strike by David Ennals, Health Secretary. Yet he is the very person responsible for closing kidney units, the Bethnal Green Hospital, lengthening waiting lists and so on. Those who knocked the trade unionists for their action did not consider that these strikers might also care for the future of the

part of the cutbacks in public spending. Hackney has claimed it Counci cannot pay NUPE members because its hands are tied by central government. If they pay, they say, their funds will be cut.

SENSATIONALISING MEDIA

The suffering of hospital patients, old people, mentally ill etc. so far appears to have been minimal, despite the sensationalising of individual incidents in the media. NUPE are only too well aware of the vulnerability of these sections but have the difficult task of offsetting short term suffering caused by strikes against the long term damage done to the social services if confidence is not restored by paying a living wage.

As this issue goes to press, trade union rights are under severe attack from the establishment as a reaction to the determination of the lorry drivers in their battle for a wage of £65 for a 35-hour

"SECONDARY PICKETING"

The ruling in the case between United Biscuits and Mr Reg Fall, a TGWU shop steward picketing that company during the dispute, has thrown into question the long-established right of trade unions to picket companies not directly involved in a dispute. (This is the so-called "secondary picketing".) Mr Justice Ackner ruled that secondary picketing was unlawful in this case because the secondary picketing was too remote from the actual dispute to be lawful. If this case is to be used as a precedent, over-ruling this very right as laid down in the 1974 Trade Union and Labour Relaions Act, then the strength of the individual trade unionist and the movement as a whole will be seriously eroded. The idea of "union solidarity" and collective strength would be lost. The ability of workers to advance in almost any strike would be lost. How many strikes are won without secondary

picketing? The answer is very few. These tactics, supported by the Labour government, if not the bulk of the Labour party, are the classic "divide and rule" tactics being implemented because the establishment is scared and threatened by the collective action of thousands of working people as a reaction to nearly five years of being sold out by a "Labour" government.

DIVISION IN SOCIETY

The actions of the lorry drivers of the TGWU and the public service workers, are justified by the great division in our society which not only remains unchanged by the present government, but has actually been accentuated. While Callaghan, Foot, Healey and friends have been promising 'jam yesterday, jam tomorrow, but never jam today" for nearly five years the increases of the wealthiest section of society is quite startling. Inland Revenue statistics show that the richest 10 per cent of the British people have increased their share of the country's wealth from 57.8 per cent in 1974 to 60 per cent in 1976. Even more dramatically, the share of the least wealthy 50 per cent of the population actually declined from 7 per cent to 5.5 per cent in the same period. It is, of course,

Thatcher and her friends who wish to maintain this status quo and the rank and file trade unionists who wish to change it.

DISREGARD OF DEMOCRACY

Unfortunately, the trade union leaders cannot be included amongst those who wish to change this appalling state of affairs. The events of the last few weeks have shown a callous disregard of union democracy. Union leaders were - according to The Observer - hoping to "keep a firm grip on the activities of their local action committees which will run the disruption campaign, but they are worried that militants will escalate the action." Meanwhile, at the public sector demonstration on 22 January the rally ended with calls for an "all-out strike" from ordinary union members. The question must be asked. Are union leaders elected to represent or to control? We know which way the establishment would like it to be. It seems that is what is increasingly happening. It is up to the rank and file to ensure those elected to the union bureaucracy that they are not corrupted by their own power and allowed to sell out to the membership upon which, in any case, they depend for their jobs.



This highly successful programme of films, talks and practical sessions continues through February with:

7 Feb - The Amazing Equal Pay Show - film and talk.

14 Feb - drama workshop.

21 Feb - Know your Rights session

28 Feb - Carpentry, crafts printing.

GIRLS ONLY. All sessions at 7pm. Centerprise, 136 Kingsland High St,E8.

London soldier speaks on Ireland

Last month in HPP we said that we were going to try and follow the activities of our local regiments in Northern Ireland. The three infantry regiments which recruit in Greater London are the Royal Green Jackets, the Royal Regiment of Fusiliers and the Queen's Regiment.

The Greenjackets' marvellous record in Northern Ireland goes back nearly sixty years. In 1920 both the Second and Third battalions were in Ireland carrying out what their official historian calls "unpleasant duties". Even at this time the Irish were fighting back and the regiment's general, Field Marshal Sir Henry Wilson, was assasinated by two Sinn Fein gunmen in London.

Recently an ex-member of the Greenjackets described what "unpleasant duties" he had to perform. Things are no different in the seventies, it seems.

"My first encounter with army brutality was when a mobile patrol came under nail bomb attack, and the patrol lifted a man who they thought might have been the thrower.

I was watching the company TV when he was dragged into the camp. He was then taken into the passageway and was repeatedly hit in the stomach and balls with rifle butts. Then the rest of the soldiers joined in with their fists and boots.

He then had his fingers broken by a corporal who jumped on them while two others held his arms out. All this happened within about ten minutes of him being dragged in.

Another instance was while I was on a foot patrol in the Catholic area of Belfast. We encountered a small group of kids who began to throw bottles and so on at their



oppressors, and as usual the army over-reacted. Before long, there was a rather arger crowd.

After a while there were a few shots fired at the army and I was ordered to search, with two others, some back alleyways. A boy of about 16 was stopped in an alleyway by an NCO who was pointing his rifle at him and telling the boy that he was going to kill him. He kept asking the boy what it felt like to know that you're going to die any moment.

The NCO kept this up for about five minutes, then he

told the boy to go away.

The boy went to his father, who went to the commanding officer that same day - who of course instantly denied everything.

If only the British public, especially the parents of soldiers serving over the water, realised that their sons do terrorise the local people, do shoot innocent people and do smash up homes at four o'clock in the morning, simply because they are bored with the foot patrol or they just want to pass the time.

And, last but not least, they do terrorise the Catholic community because they are methodically brainwashed with propaganda of all types, before they do their four-month duty over there, into believing that all Catholics are Provos. I am Church of England, by the way.

I only wish that I had realised how wrong it all is, and that the people in Ireland are sick and tired of British oppression in their own country...but I'm afraid I was just another brainwashed soldier like the rest of them."

W. Sellick, writing in Socialist Worker in 1976.

In future issues we will carry details of the activities of the Queen's Regiment and the Fusiliers.

HOW FBI BUGGED ALTERNATIVE PAPERS

Hackney People's Press is part of a world-wide network of similar papers, the Alternative Press Syndicate, which is based in the United States. There, members have recently been investigating their own FBI files which they obtained under the US Freedom of Information Act, and they found that they had been the subject of intense surveillance.

The files showed that alternative papers had been subjected to mail opening, watches on their offices, surveillance of staff, the obtaining and copying of bank records, telephone records, income tax records and the like. Obviously much of the information was obtained from other government departments, but some documents could only have been obtained by illegal "black bag" jobs (secret burglaries of personal and newspaper files.)

"College Press Service", a group of journalists who sent information to student papers across the country, discovered that the FBI had actually gone so far as to create a newspaper of their own so that they could receive the CPS mailings. They paid the subscription for a paper they called the "Denver Arrow" and listed its address as an anonymous PO Box.

"Liberation News Service" found that the FBI had published anonymous letters on its behalf in the confusing time after a staff split.

More seriously, a Senate Committee investigating intelligence abuse found that some reports indicated that FBI funds had been used to finance paramilitary operations by two right-wing groups in San Diego. In one physical attack by these groups, over \$5,000 of typesetting equipment was destroyed. Then another paper was forced out of business and a third was subjected to vandalism and firebombing.

firebombing.
Some of the more ridiculous ideas were turned down.
One of these involved a plan to spray alternative papers secretly with a chemical stench which "disburses a most offensive odor."

These stories also have a message for us in Britain. Here we live in a highly secretive society, and any law - even a Freedom of Information Act - is unlikely to allow ordinary people the right to see the contents of any MI5 or Special Branch file. Yet these files probably contain stories as ridiculous - and dangerous - as those listed above.

There exists here a "state within a state", as defined by one of the defendants in the Official Secrets Act case last autumn.

And this state is allpowerful because the people
who define it say that it
must be so. We will only know
what they are trying to
hide and why when we demand
that most basic of rights,
the right to know.

SELF-HELP IN BLACK COMMUNITY

It is now 25 years since West Indians started entering this country in large numbers in response to the news that Britain desperately needed workers for the railways, the underground and other essential services. In that time, the black community has struggled against prejudice and violence to retain some dignity for itself. In the course of that struggle, especially in recent years, blacks have discovered that in the end, only by selfreliance, can they have any hope. Part of that selfreliance has included the establishment of a number of organisations catering principally for black youth, providing them with real legal support against a biassed police force and legal system, helping them also with accommodation where possible and attempting to provide an alternative and more appropriate social life than that of the streets.

One such organisation is the Pastor Morris Advice Centre in Bradbury Street in Hackney. Pastor Morris, its founder, has worked here since 1954 when he came over from Jamaica. Ordained as a missionary, as an evangelist in 1957 and as a Pastor in south Wales in 1961, he opened his first youth club in Hackney in 1962. He moved later to Islington, where he used various schools as centres for black youth, then to Tottenham where he ran the

old West Green Community Centre and used the "Youth Cottage" in Park Lane as an advice centre. Over these years, as the number of black teenagers increased while their aspirations to equality with their white peers remained frustrated, clashes with the law became more frequent. Increasing, too, were the clashes between teenagers and their more passive, accepting parents. So it was that many black youth moved out on to the streets, sleeping rough, surviving as best they could with unemployment at least three times higher amongst them than white youth. To alleviate some of this distress, High Cross I was oponed Haringey in 1973 with Pastor Morris as warden.

By this time, however, it had become clear to black leaders that they were not going to get funds for their community projects simply by holding out a begging bowl; the only way was to fight, even if this meant unpleasant public quarrels with councillors and others. Naturally, this style did not appeal to those in power because it challenged the very pre-judices they denied. The important thing is that it worked. It produced an abrasiveness which even today White people do not understand. Many in Haringey - and more recently in Hackney remember Pastor Morris's taunts and contemptuous dismissal of council policy with some anger. This assault of central and local government representatives used more to quiet talks in pubs and clubs sometimes lost more than it gained for black leaders. Yet compromise with the system from which you



are excluded because of something as basic as colour is just not acceptable. White society's answer - assimilation - also is not acceptable because assimilation always means that the minority group are expected to abandon all their group identity.

Undoubtedly, Pastor Morris has infuriated councillors and council officers; in the end, however, we have to see the work of the black leaders against the background of a majority community quite unwilling even to recognise that minorities had rights of any kind.

It would be absurd to suggest that the black community was itself united in

how this struggle for selfreliance should take place. Pastor Morris's view, unpopular with many, is that in a dirty fight you fight dirty. If council especially those controlled by the Labour Party for whom blacks have traditionally voted - will not commit money to help minorities, then Pastor Morris believes in using the public media to expose and attack those councils. As a result, his career has often been a bitter one, with many people who supported his aims unwilling to say so publicly because of his methods of achieving them. Yet what cannot be denied is that his concern remains for black

In 1975, Pastor Morris opened up his Advice Centre. Once again, instead of going through all the bureaucracy of appealling to the council with a strong expectation of failing, he rented the offices he could find with the little money available, set up the Centre and then started to demand support from the council. After

a long and hard battle, with many bitter words spoken on both sides, he succeeded. Now the Centre receives grants from both central and local government. Though he is still involved in Church work at the weekends and is national overseer for a chain of Pentacostal churches, he now devotes most

of his time to the running of the Centre. There are three parts to work there: advice, referral and resettlement. Black youth go there in substantial numbers for advice on welfare rights and legal matters. The Centre will refer people with specific problems to a solicitor, to the local housing or social services department, or to another agency. There are also three resettlement workers whose work is to deal with those individual cases which require long-term attention - unemployed and unsettled young blacks with no real future. Much of the work of helping black youth is frustrating at the best of times, but whatever can be achieved will always be thanks to people like Pastor Morris who care enough to fight hard for what they believe are people's basic rights.

Jon Taylor

We regret that in our November issue that we printed some remarks about the work of Pastor Morris which might have been upsetting to him. The above article is published in an attempt to show the kind of valuable work he does.

HPP collective.

HACKNEY CANDIDATES SPLIT ON NUCLEAR POWER

Nuclear power must be an election issue, say Hackney Friends of the Earth. The government is committing huge amounts of money to an industry which is dangerous, unsuccessful, provides few jobs and isn't necessary; but candidates are divided on the question of whether we proceed with these developments.

Hackney FOE have canvassed the views of the parliamentary candidates in Hackney and found that they are deeply divided on this issue, with four broadly in favour of nuclear power, four against and three undecided. The Liberals are the party most opposed to nuclear power, with two candidates against and one undecided.

CRAZY

Amongst the Labour and Conservative candidates, we have the crazy situation whereby in Hackney South and Shoreditch, the Labour candidate is pro-nuclear and the Conservative against it, whereas in Hackney North and Stoke Newington the Labour candidate is anti-nuclear and the Conservative is pro.

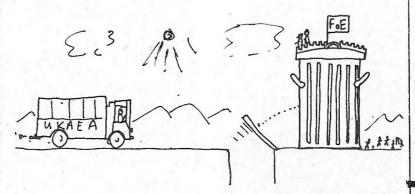
We wonder how any candidate can support this ailing industry...Current plans are for a reprocessing plant at Windscale and reactors at Torness and Heysham.

The reprocessing plant will cost £600m but only provide 1,000 jobs - the most expensive job creation scheme ever. Its purpose is to separate plutonium from nuclear waste produced here and abroad. This will greatly increase movements of plutonium, one of the most dangerous substances known, and still leave us with the problem of disposing safely of the remaining waste.

The Torness reactor in Scotland will cost at least £750m, or £375 per consumer, yet the South of Scotland Electritity Board already has a surplus generating capacity of 70 per cent and demand for electricity is rising by only 1 per cent a year. Don't think we're going to escape lightly south of the border. The reactor at Heysham will cost us at least £35 per consumer.

MORE BOMBS

If we let the nuclear industry carry on in this country, we are condoning its development abroad; and this means more countries with nuclear bombs. If the Fast Breeder Reactor programme gets the go-ahead, there will be more plutonium around and more armed Special Constables to guard it. Nuclear power must be stopped



CANDIDATES

Below is a list of the local candidates and where they stand on the nuclear power issue: Hackney N and Stoke Newington: Ernie Roberts (Lab) - anti; Tim Miller (C) - pro; Tudor Gates (Lib) - anti; Monty Goldman (Comm) - undecided. Hackney Central: Stanley Clinton Davis (Lab) - pro; Nicholas Bennett (C) - pro; Henry Young (Lib) - undecided; Dave Boyes (Comm) - undecided. Hackney S and Shoreditch:
Ronald Brown (Lab) - pro;
David Evenett (C) - anti;
Jeffery Roberts (Lib) - anti.

We're always willing to forgive and forget! We hope any pro-nuclear or undecided candidates who change their minds (or make them up!) will LET THEM KNOW

If you share our concern . about nuclear power, why not write to the candidates in your constituency letting them know what you think of their views. Remember that the anti-nuclear candidates need to hear that they've got your support. Ask questions at election meetings. As the candidates are not split on party lines, it will be easier for them to change their minds.

If you want to know more about our objections to nuclear power or want to join our campaign contact the Hackney Anti-Nuclear Group on 226 1799 or call in at Sun Power, 83 Blackstock Rd, N4, where you will also find a good selection of antinuclear publications.

F.o.E. INSULATION CAMPAIGN.

Hackney FOE is campaigning for better insulation of homes, offices, factories and public buildings in Hackney. Insulation means energy conservation, warmer homes, smaller bills, more jobs: the safe alternative to nuclear power. For further details, contact Jim on 802 0122.

HACKNEY LAND-USE GROUP

We are a group interested in the environmental and political aspects of urban and rural land use. We are affiliated to Hackney Friends of the Earth. Other areas under study include the politics of food, land ownership, planning, and organic farming. We are also running a garden-share scheme and will be campaigning for allotments in Hackney.

We urgently need more people to help run these campaigns. If you are interested (and would possibly like an allotment yourself) contact Pete or Caroline on 249 4541.

NEW COMMUNIST PARTY **MEETING**

On 6 February, the New Communist Party is to hold its first public meeting in east London. Formed in the summer of 1977 by members of the Communist Party who opposed the growing reformism of that organisation, it has been growing in strength in the last 18 months.

Since its foundation, it .. has produced a weekly newspaper, The New Worker. On a number of occasions, it has had audiences of over 400 at meetings at Conway Hall.

Unlike the Communist Party, the New Communist Party opposes Euro-communism, and calls for support for the socialist countries. It rejects the CP's idea of an alternative economic policy to end the crisis. Instead, the NCP argues that capitalism cannot be reformed, but must be overthrown by the working class.

The main speaker at the NCP meeting will be its General Secretary, Sid French, who for many years was a full-time worker for the CP, as well as being the secretary of its Surrey district. John Burl, ex-Morning Star journalist, now working for The New Worker, will be the other speaker. Local ex-Young Communist

NEW CHILD CARE POLICY FOR COMMUNIST PARTY

The provision of adequate child care facilities and nursery education in Hackney will be amongst the major targets for Hackney Communist Party this year. Many activists are already heavily involved in local campaigns and the CP is discussing how it can develop activity in support of 'The International Year of the Child', which 1979 h has been designated by the United Nations. uniid care was amonst the many topics debated at the lively Borough Conference of the Hackney CP held at the end of last year. The CP is looking at its own organisation in this respect.

PARENTS

Newly elected Borough Committee member, Martin Housden, has been elected Child Care Officer for Hackney CP. He

League member Mick Regan will open the meeting. The theme will be "Soviet Growth - Capitalist Crisis" and is to be held on Tuesday 6 February at 7.45 pm in Hackney Labour and Trades Club, 96 Dalston Lane, E8.

has the responsibility for ensuring that children are properly catered for at political meetings and events, thereby giving the kids a good time and allowing their parents to participate fully in activities. The CP will be campaingning through the Labour Movement and other democratic organisations for a halt to the exodus of industry from the Borough and for an injection of resources into local industry and the public services both of which are so important to the employment prospects and wellbeing of the community.

BETTER PAY DEAL

Hackney CP has declared its itself wholly in support of the Local Authority and Health Service workers who are fighting for a better pay deal and campaigning ag against low pay generally. They have given support to the local workers involved many of who are CP members, and organised a public meeting addressed by speakers from the National Union of Public Employees and the

Transport and General Workers, two of the four unions leading the campaign. Right wing economic and political strategies which

create massive unemployment and low living standards for large sections of the community pave the way for racial tension. The Party is planning, as instructed by its Borough Conference, to set up a black comrades group and will be taking further initiatives to unite the ethnic minority groups in the area.

NATIONAL FRONT

The presence of the National Front headquarters in Hackney is an insult to the community and especially to members of the ethnic minorities. The CP is embarking on a series of pamphlets about a variety of important issues in the area and one of the first, of these will deal with the question of racist vidence. It will look at ways in which tragedies like that of the murder of the black youth, Michael Ferreira, in Stoke Newington, can be prevented. We shall also be campaigning against institutional racialism - in education, employment, housing, etc.

HISTORY

The Hackney CP has a long campaigning history. Membership is growing, currently standing at 330. In addition to its traditional strength amongst industrial workers, it has an increasing number of members in the public services and community groups in the health service, the social services, the Hackne Islington Partnership Scheme, education, to name but a few. The expansion and improvement of these services is a key area of work for large numbers of members. Housing, transport and old people's welfare are particular areas of concern. The Hackney Communist Party

will be contesting seats in the General Election which is likely to take place in the near future. At present, plans are to stand two can-didates in Hackney North and Stoke Newington and Hackney Central. The candidates are Monty Goldman and Dave Boyes. Discussions are taking place about election plans with others on the left in the

RIO ON THE ROAD AGAIN

In February 1977, when the lease for the Rio Cinema in Kingsland High Street came on to the market, a group of people got together to form a working party to buy the cinema and turn it into a centre for arts and entertainment. All of us have been active in the community for many years and saw the Rio as an opportunity not to be missed.

Now, this March, the Rio will be under the management of the newly-formed Rio Centre (Dalston) Ltd, a charitable limited company. The legal negotiations have been long and complex. The intention is to turn the cinema into a local venue for theatre, dance and music groups as well as for cinema and to have a video and film workshop. We want to put together programmes that will reflect the different cultural interests of this area and to make the Rio a place where people will come to enjoy themselves and to learn new skills.

For the first few months, we will operate mainly as a cinema, but we hope to put on occasional music events as well. We will show a mixture of mainstream commercial and alternative-type films. Watch HPP for details of the programmes.

Before the Rio can be really used more widely, extensive conversion and improvement works are needed. We have applied to Hackney for partnership funding and we hope that Islington may be involved at some stage. We are asking for a total of £120,000. Capital costs, phased over three years to carry out the necessary improvements, fitting in dressing rooms, making

the cinema screen removeable, changing the stage, bringing the basement into use for workshops and generally making the Rio more comfortable and attractive are just a few of the things that will be

To make the place work we will need your support. Perhaps you have always fancied yourself selling ice-creams? Well, if you want to volunteer or find out more, contact us now.

The Rio centre is c/o Centreprise, 136 Kingsland High Street, E8.

First gig planned

The first musical event at the Rio will be a concert featuring SOULYARD and JUBA. The concert is a benefit to raise money for SOULYARD who were burgled recently. The thieves, not wanting to attract attention by battering down the door, broke into the empty house next door, knocked a large hole in the party wall and made off with instruments and PA equipment. The band were doubly unlucky as their insurance policy had just lapsed, leaving them without instruments or the money to replace them.

SOULYARD and JUBA have already built up high musical and lyrical reputations. SOULYARD (funky soul) and JUBA (Afro-funk-Latin-reggae) are two of the most exciting bands to be seen in London these days.



BLOOD ON THE STREETS is an excellent account of the wave of racist violence that has swept East London in the last few years. Published by Bethnal Green and Stepney Trades Council it is a sobering study of attacks and the action of the residents to meet these. Especially important reading now, with the death of Michael Ferreira in Stoke Newington just before Christmas and the attempt by the National Front to base themselves firmly in the East End, it cost £1 and is available from Centerprise and other good bookshops.



Book Review

EARLY EAST END SOCIALISTS

At different times, and in different places, so integrated has been the life of a community with a particular political movement, that they have been seen from outside as almost inseparable. As to which came first - the strong, self-identified sense of community and culture, or the binding force of a particular political idea, is really a chicken and egg story. Examples of this crucial breakthrough would include the mining villages of south Wales, between 1900 and 1939, Glasgow and some Scottish pit villages between 1900 and 1926, particular northern coalfield villages like Chopwell in Durham, with its Marx and Lenin Terraces in the 1920s, and of course east London from the 1890s onwards.

East London really has been the home of two traditions: it was where the new unionism of Will Thorne and the gas workers, for example, in East and West Ham, and Ben Tillett and the dockers, formed a powerful base for socialist ideas from 1890-1950s, and where also large-scale Jewish the century brought another kind of oppressed culture where revolutionary ideas could find a hearing and a

genuine constituency. Joe Jacobs' recently published autobiography, Out Of The Ghetto, uncompleted, sadly, at his death in March 1977, paints a vivid and very human picture of the East End Jewish community in this century, and the life of a flourishing Communist Party in that period also. What is so fine about this particular book is that it gives equal weight to the experiences and characteristics of the people involved, as it does to the politics of "the Party", which at that time saw itself, in characteristically militaristic terms,

as "the general staff of the

working class".
Clearly in the numerous small Jewish families which Jacobs writes about, nearly all of whom worked in the clothing trade, "the Party"
was an active and ever-present force in the daily lives of the people. It demanded attend- of disillusionment with the ance at countless meetings, leaflettings, demonstrations, in return for which it gave a cast-iron assurance that its members were part of an organisation which history itself had chosen to bring the downfall of capitalism and the creation of a new socialist order. The Party gave life meaning, and it also provided people with long-lasting friendships and an important sense of internationalism and concern for people suffering everywhere.

Joe Jacobs was not always happy within the Communist Party though. In the endless debate about the relative importance of trade union work and domestic and "street politics", which still continues today, Joe Jacobs always preferred direct work with people rather than ladder-climbing with the ranks of the trade unions. He foresaw the danger by which genuine militants eventually became trapped by the forms and procedures of fulltime trade union work; and evidence continues to come daily in the newspapers of leading trade union officials joining the other general staff - that of the corporate state, many of whom started out in the Communist Party.

One strong preoccupation which runs through the whole book is the persistent problem of the relationship between a political movement and the daily lives and ex-periences of the majority of the people. Unhappily, the major tradition on the revolutionary left is that "the Party" is an almost clandestwith a complicated and secret internal life that could not be understood by outsiders, unless they joined. The trouble is most people don't join for those very reasons. An important moment in Joe Jacobs' growing sense Communist Party comes when the Party drops the idea of any more street meetings and proposes indoor meetings by invitation only to "ensure an audience of good quality". This elitist attitude towards people is not only true of the Communist Party then, but of many other self-styled "vanguard" parties, and of non-vanguard parties as well: the Labour Party has never shown much interest in its membership except in headcounting. This attitude smacks more of television's way of choosing an audience for "The Generation Game" than of a socialist party trying to create a new society.

It's a rewarding book in many, many ways. One learns a lot more about the political history of the left in East cedure books still haunt places like our own Labour and Trades Hall in Dalston Lane; one learns a lot about the many extraordinary self-sacrificing workingclass people who struggled to make the vision come true. One also enjoys the very readable autobiography of a likeable and patently honest man who wasn't afraid to break off a relationship that had ceased to mean anything worthwhile in political terms. This book is crucial reading.

Out Of The Ghetto, by Joe Jacobs, published by Janet Simon, price £3. Available from Centerprise bookshop, or order it from your local library.

Ken Worpole

Hackney FEB'79

Gasbaq

WE PRESENT EPISODE TWO OF THE GRIPPING THRILLER...

Statement from MISS LULU ESANCHE

Well, on the day of this vi sad event, Thaxton Hall was very badly staffed. The regular cook and two of the maids were away, there-fore myself and Mr. Simpkins had to share all the extra duties, which naturally kept us very busy. I was so busy that I couldn't prepare the breakfast!

I began my duties at about 7.00pm. These included dusting, cleaning, washing, etc. Then, at about twelve noon, me and Mr. Simpkins served lunch to the Master and Mr. Smedley-Jones. I remember now that Mr. Ralph was not there. Lunch was finished at just gone half past one, after which Mr. Simpkins helped me with the washing up.

We then began to clear and

tidy the ballroom for a dance that was soon to be held. It was in a terrible state, and it took us hours to

After this Mr. Simpkins went to check that I had properly cleared the spare rooms. I went downstairs with a vase for the drawing

Unfortunately I was suddenly surprised by a person behind me - Mr. Ralph, it was - so surprised in fact that \boldsymbol{I} dropped the vase.

Well, after this incident, I returned to the drawing room. Soon I had completed the few jobs that I had to do in there, and soon afterwards dinner was served. This was at 5.15. We finished serving dinner at 7.00. Normally I would now have begun to prepare the dinner for the following day, but as the cook was not here the family

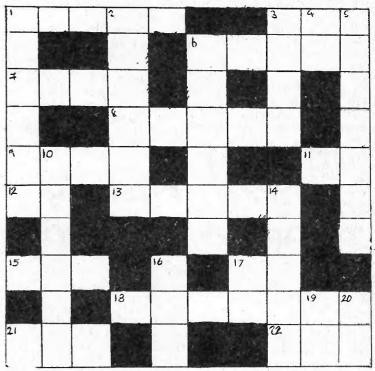
were eating out. Instead, I spent the time reading, knitting and sewing in my own room. This is on the first floor, by the west window.

At 11.40, as I was about to go to bed, I heard a crackling and roaring outside my room. I realised that the Hall of Pictures was on fire. I quickly ran downstairs, screaming for help. Seeing a light in the summer house, I randown to it and found Mr. Ralph. I told him of the fire, and he ran to it, telling me to stay with Mr. Smedley Jones. He soon returned, and said it was over. I'm afraid I broke down then. All I can remember is Mr. Simpkins and Mr. Olgy rushing into the room, shouting MURDER!

Mr. John Smedley-Jones had been found dead in the garden

TO BE CONTINUED ...

Hackney Gasword



ACROSS

1. A punctuation mark, yes (5)

3. Miserable (3)

6. Edge of a knife (5) 7. Jack Spratt's wife would

not touch it (4) 8. You'll get it after some

practice (5) 9. As obstinate as a horse?

No (4) 11. The best paper in the world: L/After News!

(abbreviated) (2)

12. No good (2) 13. A sort of boat? (5) Or nearest offer? (3)

17. Morning, not p.m. (2) 18. A launderette should have a washing... (7)

21. Young man (3) 22. Insult the pet. (3)

DOWN

1. Row after row (6) 2. An animal that eats bananas

He's a card! (4)

4. After B.C. (2) 5. You need this to protect yourself (7)

A special police force: Special... (6) 10. Idi Amin rules OK here?

- 14. A little frightened (5)
- 16. When you need mental treatment you are... (3) You shout this out when
- you are in pain (2) 19. Negative answer (2) 20. A short abbreviation, for example (2)

The walls of crystal are

roaring, crashing upon

fleeing people beneath.

Gigantic flames begin to

Fire rolls in lumbering,

still the crystals fall.

They should have listened

stunningly powerful scenes

Simer-

terrifying wrath. And

What am I describing?

Just one of the many,

of Superman. With Christopher Reeve, Marlon

Brando and others

man is a film to be

compared with Star Wars

but they didn't.

engulf the helpless planet.

The planet is being destroyed.

You'll Believe A Man Can Fly



and Close Encounters. Our muscle-bound hero is played perfectly by the hitherto littleknown Christopher Reeve. Most of the other actors are excellent as

Readers who have also seen the pathetic 'Spiderman' may be forgive for presuming Superman to be of the same calibre, but are very much mistaken. It is not.

Superman is amazing - for hours you are in a different world - world in which you'll believe a man can fly.



Three men went into a pub. The first said"Can I have a pint of beer please ?" A voice came out of the darkness "I am the ghost of one black eye ! He ran out screaming.

The second man went into the pub and said "Pint of beer please ", and the ghostly voice replied "I am the ghost of one black eye! He ran out scared stiff.

The third man went into the pub and said " Pint of beer please, and the voice replied " I am the ghost of one black eye" to which he replied "And you'll have two black eyes if you don't hurry up .

What do you call an Irish petrol pump attendant? Smurphy

Mummy, Mummy, I don't want to go to America for my holiday. Shut up and keep swimming.

What cat lives in the sea? An octopus

What runs but doesn't walk ? Your nose.

When is a cat not a cat? When it's a kitten .

What does the stupid Fonz say ?STRAW !!

What do cannibals play at parties ? Swallow my leader.

Did you hear about the stupid man who went to get his car serviced? He got stuck in the church

Heard about the stupid woodworm ? It was found dead in a brick .

Who are 'The People's Police'?

will come out after the date that we're sure you'll have missed. A press release from Hackney Town Hall which was not sent to us; we wonder why? - tells us that there is to be a public meeting in the Town Hall on Tuesday 30 January, called The People's Police. The talk, which will be given by senior police officers from Hackney's constabulary,



is about the police in Hackney and the rest of London.

The press release says that the "main aim is to try and help with those problems which exist in today's world of crime. It is hoped that the public will take advantage of the talk by attending it and by beating out as many questions as possible."

Some of the questions they could cover? The racist use of the "sus" law; what the hard-hitting Special Patrol Group is doing in Hackney; why Michael Ferreira was left bleeding on a police station floor for 45 minutes; how often the police break the rules when questioning suspects; whether the police computer means that they can snoop more easily into our private lives.

However, they are not

likely to answer these questions at all. They are much more likely to say that they can't do their job effectively because the law won't let them. They want to have increased powers - to arrest people without telling them why, to hold them for longer without charging them and to refuse to let people see solicitors or friends. HPP will tell you what they

do say in the next issue.

information

Community Centres

CENTERPRISE
136 Kingsland High Street, E8. Tel. 254 9632.
8ookshop and office hours:
Tuesday—Saturday 10am—6.30pm.
Coffee bar and meeting room hours:
Tuesday-Friday 10am-9.30pm.
Saturday 10am-5.30pm.

FACILITIES:

FACILITIES:
Coffee bar; bookshop; advice, information and contacts for individuals and groups. Typewriters can be used free, duplicating at cost price. Ask in General Office.
ADVICE CENTRE:
Legal and welfare advice session on Thursdays 6.30–7.30pm. Contact Jon Webber or ring 254 9634.
READING CENTRE:
For adults who find it hard to read or write. Contact Sue Shrappel or ring 254 9635.

Publishing books by people who live in Hackney. Contact Ken Worpole or ring 254 9634.

Homerton Road, E9. Tel. 985 3972.
Community Centre with many activities:
SOCIAL SERVICES ADVICE CENTRE: every

Every Monday at 7pm.
Also playgroup, mothers and toddlers group, pensioners lunch club, school welfare advice, youth club for 5–8 year olds, Kung Fu and juvenile dance

110 Matthias Road, N16 (next to Newington Green School). Tel. 249 3066. Runs mothers and toddlers clubs, sewing classes, English classes, youth club, childminders drop-in group (creche provided), after school club, arts and crafts club, pensioners lunch club, food co-op and an Indian dance class:

50 Rectory Road, N16. Tel. 249 8334. Information and help for all community problems.

Cooking, washing, creche facilities. Mothers and toddlers group on Thursdays, 1.30—3.30pm (homeworkers especially welcome). "Encourage your child to read" class on Mondays, 5.30—7.30pm. Supplementary school now operating. Classes on Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Saturdays. Contact them for further information. Also see ADVICE and Neighbourhood English Classes and Gingerbread under COMMUNITY GROUPS listings on this page.

HOXTON HALL
128a Hoxton Street, N1. Tel. 739 4901.
Runs playgroup, pensioners lunch club, legal advice centre, after-school junior club and writers' workshop as well as evening classes in shoe repairing, dressmaking, pottery, crafts, old-time dancing and singing. Also Women's Discussion Group and the Hoxton Drama

Many events take place in the theatre each month—see the EVENTS AND MEETINGS section. Also see ADVICE listing.

LATIN AMERICA CENTRE
17 Hoxton Square, N1. Tel 739 2910.
Social and cultural centre for Latin Americans
and British people interested in Latin America.

HACKNEY FRIENDS OF THE EARTH

Active group, campaigning on

safe energy, bikes, wildlife,

recycling etc. Contact Jim

HACKNEY ANTI-NUCLEAR GROUP

Onen to all those wishing

to combat nuclear power.

in Centerprise. Contact

and silk screen printing available from F 32 Warwick Road, N 18, Tel 249 8367.

PARTNERSHIP FOR PROGRESS IN HACKNEY

Simple, natural, effortless transcendental

meditation technique realizes full creative potential. Introductory talks: 8pm Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays at 51 Downs Park Road, E8. Tel 254 6280.

ANANDA MARGA
For spiritual progress and social change. Introduction at the meditation classes every Wednesday 7.30pm. at 1 Cazenove Road, N16. Everyone welcome.

ALLMY L

OWN

Simon 249 3008.

Meditation

Workshops

Lenthall Road, EB. Tel. 254 3082.

COMET WORKSHOP Halcomb Street, N1. Tel. 729 0936.

Print your own posters and

only. Open by arrangement.

Learn sewing, macrame, toymaking, woodwork. Creche available, toy library. Tea and coffee.

T-shirts. Cost of materials

THE WORKSHOP

Open every weekday.

Meets every other Thursday

RECYCLED PAPER
High quality recycled papers (duplicating, printing, writing or card), personalised stationery printing available from Regenesis,

Read, 67 Fairholt Road, N16.

See also ADVICE and NEIGHBOURHOOD

Sue Shrapnel or ring 254 9635. PUBLISHING PROJECT:

WALLY FOSTER CENTRE

weekday 9am-5pm. ADULT LITERACY CLASSES:

ENGLISH CLASSES listings.

Indian dance class.

Contact them for further details.

Cooking, washing, creche facilities.

GROUPS listings on this page.

Ecology

802 0122.

THE FAMILY CENTRE

THE FACTORY

All listings on this page are inserted absolutely FREE. For the next issue, just send us your information by FRIDAY 23 FEBRUARY

Write to Hackney People's Press, c/o 136 Kingsland High Street, London E.8.

Community, Tenants and Pensioners Groups

HACKNEY PENSIONERS ASSOCIATION 34 Dalston Lane, E8 Advice service on Tuesday and Thursdays from 10.30 to 4pm. Tea Bar Monday to Friday 10.30 to 4pm.

TASK FORCE TASK FONCE 34 Dalston Lane, E8, Tel. 254 1620 Free advice for pensioners in Hackney. Odd jobs and visits in N16 and N4 only. Pensioners' activities and

HACKNEY ASSOCIATION FOR WELFARE OF OLD PEOPLE 22 Dalston Lane, E8. Tel. 254 0715

HARAM8EE 2 PROJECT 74 Downham Road N1. Social and advice centre, aimed particularly at black people. Tuesday 10am-10pm Thursday 10am-4.30pm Friday 10am-10pm

OFF CENTRE 25 Hackney Grove, E8. Tel. 985 8566 Advice for young people between 13 and 25 with any problems. Monday—Friday 10am—6pm (open until 8.30pm on

FRIENDS ANUNYMOUS SERVICE Friendship House, 27 Hackney Grove, E8. 24 hour telephone service with people always willing to listen and act. 986 2233 (24 hours) 985 0973 985 0973) 986 9146) (office hours)

FEDERATION OF HACKNEY TENANTS
ASSOCIATIONS
Represents borough, GLC and private tenants
throughout Hackney, Contact joint secretaries
for details: Bob Darke, 154 Trelawney Estate,
Paragon Road, E9 and Steve Jacobs, c/o ALHE,
17 Victoria Park Square, E2 (981 1221).

HACKNEY HOUSING ACTION GROUP Concerned about the blight of homes left empty for long periods in Hackney and working to get them used. Contact Jon Webber, Centerprise, 136 Kingsland High Street, E8.

Group for one parent families. Meets every Monday at the Family Centre, Rectory Road, N16. Creche available. Contact Teresa Blackhall, 729 1647 for details.

HOMERTON GINGERBREAD Group for one parent families. Meets every other Friday at the Wally Foster Centre. Contact 985 3972

HACKNEY UNITED TENANTS ASSOCIATION

Women

HACKNEY ABORTION CAMPAIGN Meetings fortnightly at 20 Parkholme Road, E8. Contact 249 3768 for details.

WOMEN'S CENTRE
1 Cazenove Road, N16.
Advice, creche, children's clothes swop shop. beginners photography, crafts, yoga, relaxation, consciousness raising groups, food co-op, alternative medicine, self-defence. Further information from 806 6664. All women welcome.

RAPE CRISIS CENTRE
Tel. 340 6145. 24 hour information and advice.

HACKNEY SOCIALIST FEMINIST GROUP Meet alternate Mondays at the Factory, Matthias Road, N 16, at 7.30pm. Contact Pat 254 5821 of Harriet 254 6208.

HACKNEY TRADES COUNCIL WOMEN'S SUB COMMITTEE

Reformed recently, Meets once a month. Co Judy Newcombe, 254 0685 for details. All women

Health

CITY AND HACKNEY COMMUNITY HEALTH COUNCIL Shoreditch Health Centre, 210 Kingsland Road, E2. Tel. 739 6308/8351.

Tel. 739 6308/x351.
The public's voice in the NHS-provides advice, takes up your complaints and criticisms. Open meeting on 3rd Tuesday of each month at 6.30pm Publishes HEALTH IN HACKNEY: a comprehensi FREE guide to health facilities and services in the

HANDICAPPED CHILDREN IN HACKNEY Advice, ideas, information. Trying to contact all families in district with a handicapped child. Contact Ann Purdon, 48 Mount Pleasant Lane, E5. Tel. 808 8438.

THE BIRTH CENTRE
188 Old Street, EC1. Tel. 251 4076.
Information, advice, lectures and seminars on birth at home and in hospital.

Open evening every Wednesday 8pm. 25p.

EAST LONOON WOMEN'S HEALTH GROUP c/o 116 Albion Drive, E8.

STOKE NEWINGTON HEALTH GROUP Local people interested in all matters concerned with health. Contact Alan Clarke, 21 Kynaston Road, N.16. 254 3277.

COMMUNITY HEALTH FOUNDATION 188 Old Street, ECl. 251 4076.

Advice

Free legal advice on housing, landlord and tenant employment, social security, welfare, matrimonic immigration and discrimination problems can be obtained from the following centres:

CENTERPRISE 136 Kingsland High Street, EB, Tel. 254 9632. THURSDAYS 6.39-7.30pm.

HOXTON HALL 128a Hoxton Street, N1. Tel. 739 5431. WEDNESDAYS 7-8pm.

KINGSMEAD Wally Foster Centre, Homerton High Street, E9. Tel. 985 3804. TUESDAYS 7—8pm.

102 Manor Road, N16. Tel. 800 3770. MONDAYS & WEDNESDAYS 7—8pm. (802 7949).

ALLEN ROAD 12 Allen Road, N16. THURSDAYS 7—8pm.

Advice can also be obtained from:

HACKNEY ADVICE BUREAU & LAW CENTRE 236-8 Mare Street, E8. Tel. 936 8446. Open Monday—Friday 10am—5pm (7.30 on Thursdays). Legal aid and advice on housing, rents, repairs and employment problems

CITIZENS ADVICE BUREAUX 1-11 Hoxton Street, N1. Tel. 739 4654. 106 Old Street, EC1. Tel. 253 2155. HACKNEY COUNCIL FOR RACIAL EQUALITY. 245 Mare St, E8. TUESDAYS 7—8.30pm. Immigration, discrimination, housing law and other problems. 986 4121.

THE FAMILY CENTRE
50 Rectory Road, N16. Tel. 249 8334.
Information and help in all community problems. Cooking, washing, creche facilities. Open all day.

HOUSING ADVICE CENTRE 302-4 Mare Street, E8. Tel. 986 8123. Helps with all housing problems. Repairs, rebates, landlord/tenant, council/tenant.

HACKNEY CENTRAL INFORMATION BUREAU Town Hall, Mare Street, E8. Tel. 986 3123.

HACKNEY NORTH LABOUR PARTY ADVICE HACKNEY NORTH LABOUR PARTY ADVICE CENTRE 5 Stamford Hill, N16. Advice and information on legal, financial, welfare, housing, social security and personal problems. FRIDAYS 7—8pm.

RECTORY HOUSING AND WELFARE ADVICE CENTRE Family Centre, 50 Rectory Road, N16. Help with housing, employment, health and social security and community and race relations problems. SUNDAYS 10.30am-12,00 noon.

Advice can also be obtained from HARAMBEE 2 PROJECT, OFF CENTRE and FRIENDS ANONYMOUS. See Community Groups listing on

For MPs and councillors Advice surgeries see LABOUR PARTY under POLITICAL GROUPS fisting on this page.

Arrested? Helping enquiries? Evicted/ EMERGENCY LEGAL SERVICE

Ring 986 9891. 24 hour free legal service from 6pm Friday over whole weekend.

Education



SOCIALIST EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATION 83 Eleanor Road, E8. Contact 8everly 8owes for details.

ENGLISH FOR SPANISH SPEAKERS Tuesdays and Thursdays at 6.30pm at Latin America Centre, 17 Hoxton Square, N1.

ADULT LITERACY SCHEMES For details of adult literacy courses in your area contact:

Carol Morris, BETHNAL GREEN AEI, 229 Bethnal Green Road E2. 739 7790. Donald Kenrick, CLAPTON AEI, Brooke House, Kenninghall Road, E5. 985 9646. Graham Morris, HACKNEY COLLEGE, 249 7221. June Hewes, HACKNEY LIBRARIES, Shoreditch Library, Pitfield Street, N1. 739 5153. Sue Shrapnel, HACKNEY READING CENTRE, 136 Kingsland High Street, E8. 254 9635. Cal Weatherald, HIGHBURY MANOR AEI, Jack Ashley School, Blackstock Road, N4 226 9199. John Rake, HOXTON HALL, 128a Hoxton Street, N1. 739 5431.

HACKNEY LANGUAGE SCHEME Teach the kind of English needed in day-to-day life. Classes operate throughout Hackney. For further information contact Annette Giles, 249 1496, or call at the Family Centre, Rectory Road, N.16 on Thursday mornings.

Political Groups

HACKNEY LABOUR PARTY HACKNEY NORTH AND STOKE NEWINGTON

NEWINGTON
Constituents advice service at 7pm every
Friday at 5 Stamford Hill, N16 when local
councillors are present. David Weitzmann, MP,
also runs advice service every other Sunday at
11am. Ken Livingstone, GLC councillor, has
advice service generally on 4th Thursday of
each month

each month. Details from 5 Stamford Hill, N16. Tel. 800 7430. HACKNEY NORTH LABOUR PARTY YOUNG SOCIALISTS: for details contact

Secretary, Mumtaz Khan, c/o 5 Stamford Hill, HACKNEY SOUTH & SHOREDITCH

HACKNEY SOUTH & SHOREDITCH
Constituents advice service at 7.30pm. every Friday
at 96 Dalston Lane, E8. Ron Brown, MP, available
2nd and 4th Friday of each month. Margaret
Morgan, GLC Councillor, available 1st Friday of
each month. Local councillors every Friday. Advice
service also operates at Holy Trinity Church Hall,
Bletchley Street, N1, at 7pm. on 1st and 3rd Fridays,
Ron Brown is present on 1st and 3rd Fridays,
Ron Brown is present on 1st and 3rd Fridays,
Ackney South LaBourg Party Young
SOCIALISTS: for details contact secretary SOCIALISTS: for details contact secreta c/o 96 Dalston Lane, E8. HACKNEY CENTRAL HACKNEY CENTRAL
Constituents advice service at 7.30pm. every Friday
at 96 Dalston Lane, E8. Stanley Clinton Davis, MP.
available every Friday. Ellis Hillman, GLC
Councillor, available every other Friday. Local
councillors every Friday.
HACKNEY CENTRAL LABOUR PARTY YOUNG
SOCIALISTS: for details contact Mrs A Smith,
294 Navarino Mansions, E8.

HACKNEY YOUNG COMMUNIST LEAGUE

Meets weekly. All young people welcome.

HACKNEY COMMUNIST PARTY
Twelve branches hold meetings regularly throughout
the borough. All welcome.

HACKNEY MORNING STAR GROUP
Meets weekly. Organises political, social and fundraising events in support of Britain's socialist daily
paper, the Morning Star. All Morning Star readers/
supporters welcome.

For further information and a copy of the monthly newsletter detailing the meetings campaigning actions etc. organised by the Hackney Morning Star group, Young Communist League and Communist Party contact David Green, 126 Amhurst Road, E8. Tel. 249 6374.

HACKNEY SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY Meets regularly in the borough. Contact Liz 739 9772 for details.

LONDON WORKERS GROUP For independent militants, working anarchists, and all those who wish to organise for direct workers control. Meets fortnightly. Contact Box W, Rising Free, 182 Upper Street, N1, or ring Dave, 249 7042.

ANARCHY COLLECTIVE Produces ANARCHY, a seasonal magazine on sale in Centerprise and Rising Free, 20p. Also involved in general anarchist activity. Ring 359 4794 before 8pm.

LIBERTARIAN COMMUNIST GROUP c/o 136 Kingsland High Street, E8.

ANARCHIST COMMUNIST ASSOCIATION Box 11, Rising Free, 182 Upper Street, N

SOCIETY FOR ANGLO-CHINESE UNDERSTANDING
Hackney/Islington Branch. Contact Maureen.Taylor
or Mon Lawlor (263 4359 during daytime). SACU
is open to anyone who favours friendship and
understanding between Britain and socialist China.

HACKNEY COMMITTEE AGAINST RACIALISM All-party anti-racialist campaign. Meets first Wednesday of each month at the Family Centre.

SOCIALIST PARTY OF GREAT BRITAIN HACKNEY GROUP Meets second Thursday of every month at 8pm at Centerprise, 136 Kingsland High Street E8. MACKNEY AND ISLINGTON WORLD DEVELOPMENT

Rectory Road, N16.

tampaigns on third world issues, especially against the Arms Trade to these countries.

NEW COMMUNIST PARTY Hackney Branch meets on a Tuesday night at Centerprise, 8pm. Information from NCP, 395 Walworth Road, SE17 2AW.

Hackney Socialist Challenge Supporters Group meets fortnightly on Thursdays at 7.30pm in the Britannia, Mare St. Further details from Hackney SC, c/o PO Box 50, London N.1. or from Martin, 359 8180 (day).

DALSTON MEN'S GROUP Contact Pete, 39 Parkhome Road, E8. Tel. 249 3072. EAST LONDON/BRIXTON MEN'S GROUP Contact Paul, 12 Montague Road, E8. Tel. 254 9497.

EAST LONDON MEN'S CENTRE 19 Redmans Road, E1. Tel. 790 2454.

Children

HACKNEY UNDER FIVES 136 Kingsland High Street, E8. Tel. 254 9145.

Tef. 254 9145.
Information and support for parents with children below school age. Contact Madge Harte. Stores are available every Saturday from 10am—12.30pm. Open monthly meetings first Tuesday of every month at 8pm. in Centreprise.

HACKNEY PLAY ASSOCIATION 136 Kings land High Street, E8. Tel. 254 9145. Information, advice and help to people Lilian McFetridge or Mo Ross.

CHILO-CARE BULLETIN COLLECTIVE
112b Forest Road E8.
Publishes bulletins and pamphlets about child
care and related topics. Collective is open to
anyone interested. Contact 226 0817 or 254
2227 for details of next meeting—with creche.

TOY LIBRARY Family Centre, 50 Rectory Road, N.16. A new toy library for all children under 5. Play facilities. tea. Every Tuesday 2-3.30pm. Contact Sue Corlett 806 1968.

Transport

HACKNEY PUBLIC TRANSPORT ACTION COMMITTEE
Meets regularly to discuss how to improve public transport in Hackney. Contact Tony Jacobs, 3 Hockley House, Morning Lane, E9.
Tel. 986 2303.

HACKNEY CYCLISTS ACTION GROUP Contact Tessa Bain, 10 Kynaston Road, N.16. 254 4559

Gays.

EAST LONDON FAGGOTS Collective of gay socialists living and working in East London. Contact 19 Redmans Road, E1. Tel. 790 2454.

GAY SWITCHBOARD
Tel. 837 7324. 24 hour information and advice.

EAST LONOON CHE (Campaign for Homosexua) Equality)
East London CHE welcomes gay women and me
For details phone John, SO4 1110 or Kate,
S39 2331.

German Group for Oisabled Lesbians, including older women. Contact BM Box \$700, London WCIV 6XX..

Food

TOWARDS JUPITER 191 Mare Street E8. 985 5394 Wholefood shop also selling books and crafts.

FOOD FOR ALL 3 Cazenove Road, N16. Tel. 806 4138. Wholefood shop, also selling books and crafts. All food carries levy to support the women's centre next door (see WOMEN) and proposed school at 5 Cazenove Road.

HACKNEY SOCIETY

An amenity group, affiliated to the Civic Trust, concerned with Hackney's environment and architecture. Meets on the third Monday of each month. Details from Chairman, David Batchelor, Tel. 985 7937 or Secretary, Robert Hill, 75 GlynRoad E5 Tel. 986 8761.

Music and Broadcasts



ISLINGTON & HACKNEY MUSIC WORKSHOP Sing-song third Thursday every mo The Florence, Florence Street, N1.

Mon-Fri 7pm-9pm 9pm-11pm Sunday 1pm-5pm 5pm-7pm

HACKNEY HOSPITAL RADIO

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MOURNING FOR MICHAEL

Continued from p.1.

The day before Michael's funeral, two of the men accused of murdering him appeared at Highbury Magistrate's Court. The public gallery was packed with black people showing solidarity with the Ferreira family and expressing their anger against racism.

Before the hearing, all black people were thoroughly searched on entering the court. However, this did not apply to whites. Due to the large black presence, the hearing was adjourned.

Mrs Moses (Michael's mother) became very upset, and someone shouted: "We want justice!" The magistrate ordered the court to be cleared, and Mrs Moses was rudely ushered to the witness stand and then to the jailer.

One young black man was arrested and bound over for holding up a poster which he did in protest against the treatment of Mrs Moses. While in the custody of the police, she was manhandled, insulted and underwent humiliating experiences.

Another black sympathiser. Winston James, was pounced upon by police in the hallway of the court. Winston did not attack anyone. On the contrary, he was grabbed, thrown against a table, then flung to the floor. Furthermore, he was punched by several "enforcers of the law" and kicked in the groin.

He was taken in extreme pain to the court cells

where he was not allowed to see a doctor, and not allowed to telephone a lawyer. Before being formally charged, he was forcibly fingerprinted and photographed.

He was then charged with assault and obstructing one policeman, and assault on another policeman.

He is now out on £100 bail and must report to the local police station every evening.

At a previous hearing the court was packed with white people. There was no picket, and very few black people present. At that time, one of Michael Ferreira's murderers had the charge of murder dropped to one of disturbing the peace and given bail.

The only condition attached to this bail was that the murderer did not frequent the streets of Hackney, for his own protection. Whereas, a black sympathiser, assaulted in the Queen's Court of Law, must report every day to the police station.

The Hackney Black People's Defence Organisation stated afterwards: "From what happened on Friday 19th at Highbury Court, we now know what to expect - not only will we get no justice within the courts, we will also be attacked by the police when we give support to our people.

But it is vital that we carry on turning up in large numbers at these courts to make it clear that we are supporting the victims and



that we know what is

happening. "It is only because members of the HBPDO saw Winston being assaulted and immediately obtained a good lawyer, that Winston was legally represented at the court that same afternoon. The lesson for all black people is the need for an organised and unified

effort to challenge the racism of the police and the law courts.

For further information, contact the Hackney Black People's Defence Organisation, Box 11, c/o 136 Kingsland High St, E8, tel 735 2101 Monday-Friday 10 am-6 pm, or 806 5554 Tuesday/Thursday/Friday 8 pm-11 pm.

NALGO drops local claims

On Friday, 26 January, over 1,200 delegates from every branch of NALGO, the union to which nearly all social workers belong, met to vote on a new national structure for pay determination that the Joint National Council working party had presented to the branches barely a week before. The meeting took place in Central Hall, Westminster, to a large audience of social workers who had crammed themselves into the public gallery to hear the debate which began at 10 am and went on to

the evening. Regular readers of HPP will remember that the working party that was set up between the union and the employers had met on a number of occasions and had put forward a very complex national structure for negotiations that would replace the existing national agreeemnt. This structure had been considered by the social wor-kers at branch level and up to Friday's meeting had been overwhelmingly rejected. One of the main reasons that the structure had been rejected, Troll It being difficult to understand or to predict just how much was in it for the social workers. was that it was a new national structure, when the reason that the strikes were official was because they were demanding local negotiation. Local negotiation had been official NALGO policy for two years.

The final working party report that came out on 19 January offered some clarification on the proposed structure but still contained many parts that gave no real asurance about how it would be applied. The special group meeting on the 26th was arranged by the union who strongly recommended that the

structure be accepted. The social workers in Tower Hamlets, despite having been out on strike for more than five months, and all of whom want to get back to work as soon as a reasonable offer is made, mandated their delegates to reject the structure, as did Islington where the social workers had been on strike for seven weeks.

Various amendments were put to the meeting on the 26th, one of which was to reject the structure. The amendments were heard in the morning before the recommendation of the union was debated. The amendment to reject was the most important since it would clearly indicate whether the structure was ultimately going to be accepted or not. Working on the usual basis that the delegates represented the full membership of the branch, the amendment lost by 250,000 to 120,000. A further amendment from Newcastle that the social workers currently on strike be allowed to stay out until a reasonable settlement was made by the local authorities, actually fell by only 5,000 votes, after a hand vote had seen that the amendment would succeed.

It remains to be seen how the acceptance of the new structure will affect Hackney's social workers. Various offers that were made by the Council when strike action was being considered were also rejected by the staff. Eventually, then, the union will be meeting the Council to find out how the new structure is going to be applied, but no matter what, there is no chance that NALGO are going to be interested in supporting further strike action for a long time after a dispute which has lasted six months and cost £2m, they have had enough.

Hackney's Year of the Child

On 23 January, a group of people representing Hackney Council for Racial Equality, City & Hackney Community Health Council, Association for the Welfare of Children in Hospital, Hackney Under Fives and the Hackney Play Association met to discuss what could be done in Hackney to celebrate the International Year Of The Child.

Lots of ideas were suggested - a May Day festival, neighbourhood exhibitions and events, projects in schools, a large multimedia event, an end-of-year conference, but the general feeling was that whatever happened, the overall theme would be a very local one and draw on the direct experience of what it actually means to grow up in Hackney, from before birth to early adulthood.

The organisations which are already interested very much hope that many groups and individuals in Hackney will come together over this issue: it is one that involves not only those who traditionally care for children - parents, playgroups, youth clubs, schools, playgrounds, nurseries etc but also other groups not specifically orientated towards children such as tenants' associations, trade unions, ethnic groups, community associations and arts clubs.

An open meeting for everyone interested in a Hackney Year Of The Child to discuss ideas and hopefully to draw up a plan of action is being held on Thursday 1 March at 8 pm in the basement of Centerprise, 136 Kingsland High St, E8. Things will only start happening if people come to this meeting to decide what we're going to do.

If you would like more information or want to discuss possible ideas, do phone 254 9145 where there will usually be someone to talk to.

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We hold regular weekly meetings when you can tell us what you think about the paper, or volunteer to help us write, produce or sell the next issue. These are held in Centerprise, 136 Kingsland High Street, E8, on Monday evenings at 8 pm.

If you can't come along, then write to us c/o Centerprise or ring 249 0311 any evening or weekend.

HPP is sold through various newsagents and other outlets throughout Hackney. If you think that your newsagent would like to sell it, then please contact us. And if you don't think that you can spare the time to become more fully involved, but you enjoy reading the paper, and think more people should read it, then please get in touch if you are willing to sell a few copies to your friends or neighbours or at meetings.